

Position paper

Driving the sustainable bioeconomy now!

Authors

This paper bundles the demands of a broad group of experts committed to a sustainable bioeconomy.

The spokespersons of the initiative are:

Prof. Dr. Iris Lewandowski | University of Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Daniela Thrän | Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research (UFZ)

Dr. Markus Wolperdinger | Fraunhofer Institute for Interfacial Engineering and Biotechnology (IGB)

Prof. Dr. Thomas Brück | Technical University of Munich

Prof. Dr. Christine Lang | Co-Chair of the International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy (IACGB)

Johann Liebeton M.Sc. | Bioeconomy Youth Champion at the International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy (IACGB)

Key messages

- ✓ Increase competitiveness and resilience through the bioeconomy
- ✓ Improving the conditions for bioeconomic innovation
- ✓ Creating a level playing field in the market
- ✓ Contributing to global food security through the bioeconomy
- ✓ Harnessing nature-inspired solutions
- ✓ Implementing a circular economy
- ✓ Supporting local and regional bioeconomy initiatives and international cooperation
- ✓ Preparing to shape a sustainable future for future generations

Position paper

The bioeconomy is an indispensable part of a future-oriented economic system. It provides healthy food, renewable raw materials for various industries such as chemicals, packaging, products made from biological materials, pharmaceuticals and medical products. The transformation of these industries towards a circular bioeconomy promotes raw material independence, technological leadership and thus the resilience of our economy. The bioeconomy harnesses the high innovation potential of the life sciences, realises nature-based solutions and thereby promotes both compliance with international climate protection targets as well as social and economic progress. The bioeconomy opens up new development opportunities in various sectors of the economy, including agriculture, the chemical industry, construction, energy, environmental technology and health. Due to its strong potential for innovation, the bioeconomy creates new future-oriented jobs, which are urgently needed in the transition to a sustainable economic system and to enable 'green growth'. The bioeconomy is essential for the successful implementation of an economically and environmentally viable circular economy.

Germany has long played a leading role in the development of the bioeconomy both in Europe and globally. The great potential of the bioeconomy, with its important contribution to addressing global challenges such as food security, in the area of health care and also in the context of 'planetary health', is now being increasingly recognised worldwide. As a result, many countries are promoting the development of the bioeconomy through policy strategies and related implementation approaches. The bioeconomy strategies published by the US and China in 2022 focus on the potential of biotechnology and its importance for the economic development of these countries. In order to increase German and also European competitiveness, it is therefore essential to further develop the bioeconomy and anchor it in a long-term economic strategy with clearly formulated and stable framework conditions. To effectively harness this potential for sustainable economic growth, competitiveness and climate protection, we make eight recommendations for the further development of a future-oriented bioeconomy:

1. Increase competitiveness and resilience through the bioeconomy

Bioeconomy solutions are an important lever in many sectors to achieve climate and resource protection, increase the resilience of supply chains, reduce dependence on foreign production sources and thus increase competitiveness. Agriculture and forestry, construction, chemical production, food, health and environmental protection all benefit from holistic implementation. Embedding the bioeconomy in sectoral and cross-sectoral scientific, economic and transfer strategies, as well as broad political support for the bioeconomy, are therefore crucial to realising its potential.

2. Improving the conditions for bioeconomic innovation

The use of biotechnological processes in all sectors, the application of biobased and bio-inspired solutions, and the closing of material cycles offer great potential for the bioeconomy. A large number of start-ups have been established in recent years and have developed ready-to-deploy solutions to the many current challenges.

Bringing these and other innovations under development to the implementation stage, and thus to the market, requires continued support for research and innovation, tools for validating bioeconomic business potential, operation of pilot plants in a protected environment, promotion of scale-up activities, improved access to finance for start-ups and a regulatory framework open to innovation. Only decisive and comprehensive action in a coordinated triad between politics, industry and science can prevent Germany from being left behind in the globally growing bioeconomic markets.

3. Creating a level playing field in the market

Innovative bioeconomy solutions have often been at a disadvantage in the market, in particular due to inappropriate product standards, e.g., in the construction and food sectors, unfavourable market conditions or restrictions through complex regulatory procedures, e.g. in the use and recycling of waste. In addition, conventional industries often have better structures for financing new investments. These disadvantages need to be addressed quickly and comprehensively if the market potential of the bioeconomy is to be realised.

4. Contributing to global food security through the bioeconomy

The bioeconomy offers new opportunities to achieve global food security in a sustainable way. It enables farmers worldwide to secure their incomes and food supplies, for example through improved access to high-yielding, climate-resilient and stress-tolerant crop varieties. In the countries of the Global South, new solutions for sustainable agriculture adapted to local conditions should be developed and implemented in partnership with farmers and other stakeholders.

5. Harnessing nature-inspired solutions

Bioeconomy solutions are inspired by natural processes and often provide cost-effective, ecologically beneficial, socially desirable and effective ways to improve the resilience of cities, landscapes and agricultural systems. Examples include improving the urban climate through green oases, flood protection and the regeneration of agricultural soils through the use of perennial plant systems or biological pest control in agriculture. These solutions can also be used to increase biodiversity and regenerate natural resources. Research into further nature-based solutions and their implementation needs to be intensified.

6. Implementing a circular economy

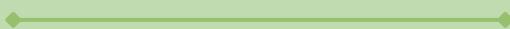
Bioeconomy solutions promote a circular economy by converting waste and residues into high-value materials, energy and storable carbon products, through the use of biotechnological processes for up-cycling, and by supporting carbon storage in natural systems. In addition, biotechnological processes enable the recovery of plant nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorus, the use of CO₂ from various sources and the avoidance of greenhouse gas emissions in various sectors of the economy, which can make a significant contribution to the reduction of climate-damaging substances in the context of a bioeconomy. To enable these contributions to climate protection and sustainable economic growth, current regulatory barriers (e.g. in waste legislation) need to be removed and model projects and pilot regions for a circular bioeconomy need to be established.

7. Supporting local and regional bioeconomy initiatives and international cooperation

In the bioeconomy, as with the underlying principle of sustainability, it is important to think globally and act locally. The European Union's "bioeconomy regions" approach shows that regional strategies are necessary for the successful implementation of the bioeconomy. They can serve as a blueprint for other regions. To this end, participatory initiatives for the development and implementation of bioeconomy strategies should be supported and their networking encouraged. This will help to exploit the diverse opportunities for local use of bioeconomic solutions and strengthen the social anchoring of a sustainable bioeconomy. At the same time, Germany should expand its international networking and support the development of an international bioeconomy platform.

8. Preparing to shape a sustainable future for future generations

The implementation of a sustainable bioeconomy requires a wide range of actors, including experts in the necessary technologies and those who can shape the transition to a sustainable economic system. To this end, educational curricula with content related to the bioeconomy need to be strengthened at all levels and in all areas of the education system, from primary schools to universities and vocational training. This will require programmes to develop and implement future-oriented teaching formats. Education on bioeconomy solutions should be linked to established concepts of Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) in order to train appropriate bioeconomy 'change agents' in the medium and long term.



This paper bundles the demands of a broad group of experts committed to a sustainable bioeconomy. The spokespersons of the initiative are:

- **Prof. Dr. Iris Lewandowski** | University of Hohenheim
- **Prof. Dr. Daniela Thrän** | Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research (UFZ)
- **Dr. Markus Wolperdinger** | Fraunhofer Institute for Interfacial Engineering and Biotechnology (IGB)
- **Prof. Dr. Thomas Brück** | Technical University of Munich
- **Prof. Dr. Christine Lang** | Co-Chair of the International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy (IACGB)
- **Johann Liebeton, M.Sc.** | Bioeconomy Youth Champion at the International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy (IACGB)

The Future-Oriented Bioeconomy Initiative is an interdisciplinary body of former members of the German Federal Government's Bioeconomy Councils (BÖR I-III), representatives of the German national bioeconomy initiative and other bioeconomy experts. They represent the German bioeconomy nationally and internationally and work as an active think tank to provide impetus for the development of a future-oriented bioeconomy and to address policymakers on issues relating to the further development of a future-oriented bioeconomy.

Supporting the position paper

In alphabetical order

Katharina Angerer

Dr. Andrea Bauerle | Universität Hohenheim

Dr. Meghan Beck-O'Brien | Center for Environmental Systems Research

Dr. Holger Bengs | European Chemistry Partnering

Anne-Sophie Binder | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Regina Birner | Universität Hohenheim

Judith Blättler

Prof. Dr. Michael Böcher | Otto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg, Lehrstuhl für Politikwissenschaft mit Schwerpunkt Nachhaltige Entwicklung

Prof. Dr. Alexander Böker | Fraunhofer-Institut für Angewandte Polymerforschung (IAP)

Prof. Dr. Frank Breitling | Karlsruher Institut für Technologie (KIT)

Dr. Viola Bronsema | BIO Deutschland e. V.

Prof. Dr. Stefanie Bröring | Ruhr Universität Bochum

Prof. Dr. Andrea Büttner | Fraunhofer IVV

Prof. Dr. Christopher Conrad | Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg

Beate Cuypers | Universität Greifswald

Prof. Dr. Hannelore Daniel | Technische Universität München, stellvertretend für den Innovationsraum NewFoodSystems

Uta Dickertmann | Landeshauptstadt Stuttgart, Abteilung Wirtschaftsförderung

Prof. Dr. Karl-Josef Dietz | Verband Biologie, Biowissenschaften und Biomedizin in Deutschland e.V. (VBIO)

Ellen Dongowski-Kelling | Universität Hohenheim, Stabsstelle Web

Dr. Ludger Eltrop | Universität Stuttgart, Institut für Energiewirtschaft und Rationelle Energieanwendung

Asli Ercengiz | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Frank Ewert | ZALF und WIR!-Bündnis Land-Innovation-Lausitz

Prof. Dr. Jacob Ewert | Hochschule Osnabrück, FG Nachhaltige Lebensmitteltechnik

Prof. Dr. Gerhard Flachowsky | Senior Visiting Scientist

Dr. Ricardo Gent | Geschäftsführer der Deutschen Industrievereinigung Biotechnologie im VCI e.V.

Annabell Giera | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Katrin Giller | Universität Hohenheim

Michail Ginsburg | OutNature GmbH

Prof. Dr. Bruno Glaser | Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg

Denise Glatzel

Dr. Linde Götz | Leibniz Institut für Agrarentwicklung in Transformationsökonomien

Dr. Markus Götz | FRENVI GmbH

Prof. Dr. Carola Griehl | Hochschule Anhalt, Kompetenzzentrum Algenbiotechnologie

Prof. Dr. Thomas Gries | Institut für Textiltechnik der RWTH Aachen University, RWTH-ITA

Dr. Volker Hahn | Universität Hohenheim, Landessaatzauchanstalt

Supporting the position paper

Prof. Dr. Ulrich Hamm | Emeritus Universität Kassel

Florian Hänsel | German Association for Synthetic Biology - GASB e.V.

Prof. Dr. Hauke Harms | Helmholtz Zentrum für Umweltforschung - UFZ

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Rudolf Hausmann | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Stefanie Heiden | Institut für ITE Innovations-Forschung, Technologie-Management & Entrepreneurship, Leibniz Uni Hannover

Prof. Dr. Carsten Herbes | HfWU Nürtingen-Geislingen

Dennis Herzberg | CLIB - Cluster industrielle Biotechnologie

Caroline Hieber

Dr. Sebastian Hinderer

Cay Frederic Horstmann

Dr. Benedikt Hülsemann | Landesanstalt für Agrartechnik, Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Mario Jekle | Universität Hohenheim, FG Pflanzliche Lebensmittel

Michael Kaiser | Wirtschaftsförderung Region Stuttgart GmbH

Jan-Hendrik Kamlage | Ruhr Universität Bochum, Wissenschaftlicher Geschäftsführer, Centrum für Umweltmanagement, Ressourcen und Energie

Daniela Kiesel | Lern- und Entwicklungsraum Natur e.V.

Dr. Manfred Kircher | KADIB

Dr. Christian Klar

Guido Klein

Prof. Dr. Andrea Knierim | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Ingrid Kögel-Knabner | School of Life Sciences, Technical University of Munich

Dr.-Ing. Felix Krujatz | TU Chemnitz

Dr.-Ing. Felix Krujatz | biotopa gGmbH - Zentrum für Angewandte Aquakultur & Bioökonomie

Jun.-Prof. Dr. Christian Krupitzer | FG Lebensmittelinformatik - Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Andrea Kruse | stellvertretend für das Institut für Agrartechnik der Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Kerstin Kuchta | TU Hamburg / Institute of Circular Resource Engineering and Management

Prof. Dr. Andreas Kuckertz | Universität Hohenheim

Alfons Kuhles | Bundesverband HTC e.V.

Jonathan Lambers | SKZ - Das Kunststoffzentrum

Dr. Martin Langer | BRAIN Biotech AG

Prof. Dr. habil. Janna Macholdt | Professur Allgemeiner Pflanzenbau & Ökologischer Landbau , Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg

Dr. Mahmoud Masri | Global Sustainable Transformation GST GmbH

Dr. Thomas Maurer | ZALF und WIRI-Bündnis Land-Innovation-Lausitz

Henning Mertens | Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Vera Meyer | Technische Universität Berlin

Sai Anurag Nandagiri | Universität Hohenheim

Nicolas Neef | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. mont. Michael Nelles | Deutsches Biomasseforschungszentrum gGmbH

Marc Neuberger | Universität Hohenheim

Supporting the position paper

Prof. Dr. Siegmar Otto | Universität Hohenheim

Dr. Dr. Christian Patermann

Prof. Dr. Simone Pauling | Hochschule Rhein-Waal

Dr. Christina Peters | PIC - Pi Innovation Culture GmbH

Torsten Peters | Bündnis biogeniV / Hansestadt Anklam

Werner Pfauth | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Klaus Pillen | Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg

Prof. Dr. Monika Pischetsrieder | Friedrich-Alexander Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Clemens Posten | für die bio-competete

Dr. Daniela Pufky-Heinrich | Fraunhofer Center for Economics and Management of Technologies CEM

Dr. Christine Rasche | Fraunhofer IGB

Dr. Evelyn Reinmuth | Universität Hohenheim

Dr. Ruben Richrath | Evonik Industries AG

Prof. Dr. Klaus Richter | TU München

Prof. Dr. hum. biol. Ulrike Salat | Hochschule Furtwangen, Institut für Angewandte Biologie

Prof. Dr. Torsten-Oliver Salge | RWTH Aachen, Institut für Technologie und Innovationsmanagement
(Konsortialführung Bioökonomie Verstehen. Verbinden. Unterstützen)

Prof. Dr. Michael Sandmann | Hochschule Neubrandenburg

Dr. Miriam Sari | Hochschule Niederrhein

Matthias Sauer | Cosun Beet Company GmbH & Ko. KG, Anklam

Prof. Dr. Rüdiger Schaldach | Universität Kassel

Prof. Dr. Andreas Schaller | Universität Hohenheim

Louis Noel Schanzmann | German Association for Synthetic Biology - GASB e.V.

Kevin Scharfenberger | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Alexander Schaum | Universität Hohenheim, Institut für Lebensmittelwissenschaft und Biotechnologie, FG Prozessanalytik

Prof. Dr. Katrin Scheibner | Brandenburgisch Technische Universität

Philipp Scheurich | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Stefan Schillberg | Fraunhofer-Institut für Molekularbiologie und Angewandte Oekologie IME
Ulrich Schirowski | Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft für den Kreis Heinsberg mbH und WIR2-Bündnis
INGRAIN c/o Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft für den Kreis Heinsberg

Valentin Schlecht | Universität Hohenheim, FG Nachwachsende Rohstoffe in der Bioökonomie

Volker Schmid | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Markus Schmid | Sustainable Packaging Institute SPI der Hochschule Albstadt-Sigmaringen

Prof. Dr. rer. nat. Magnus Schmidt | Hochschule Furtwangen, Institut für Angewandte Biologie

Kevin Schmitz | Planet A Foods GmbH

Prof. Dr. Dr. h.c. Michael Schmidt | BTU Cottbus-Senftenberg und WIR!-Bündnis Land-Innovation-Lausitz

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Holger Schneider | Hochschule Furtwangen, Institut für Angewandte Biologie

Thomas Schneider | WIR!-Bündnis: LAND.VISION

Dr. Sandra Scholz

Supporting the position paper

Prof. Dr. Franziska Schünemann | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Ulrich Schurr | Forschungszentrum Jülich IBG-2: Pflanzenwissenschaften

Dr. Anke Schwarzenberger | nova-Institut

Dr. Heike Slusarczyk

Juliane Stoye | Universität Hohenheim

Dr. Heike Sträuber | Helmholtz-Zentrum für Umweltforschung - UFZ

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Stefan Streif | Technische Universität Chemnitz

Prof. Dr. Stephanie Stute | Technische Hochschule Nürnberg

Prof. Dr. Wiltrud Treffenfeldt | ProBioGen AG

Hans Väth | Algoliner GmbH & Co. KG

Prof. Dr. Ralf Vögele | Universität Hohenheim

Prof. Dr. Joachim von Braun | ZEF, Universität Bonn

Dr. Olaf Wachsen | Dr. Olaf Wachsen Consulting & Training GmbH

Sebastian Weickert

Dr. Tanja Weinand | Universität Hohenheim

Jun.-Prof. Dr. Ramona Weinrich | Universität Hohenheim

Denis Wiesner

Prof. Dr. Wilhelm Windisch | Technische Universität München

Dr. Doris Wittneben | Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar GmbH

Philipp Wohlfahrt | SKZ – Das Kunststoffzentrum

Dr. Wael Yakti | Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin

Yuan Zheng

Dr.-Ing. Susanne Zibek | Fraunhofer IGB

Prof. Dr. Matthias Zscheile | TH Rosenheim

Institut für landwirtschaftliche Betriebslehre, FG Produktionstheorie und Ressourcenökonomik im Agrarbereich, Universität Hohenheim

As of 12/01/2025